Sensible Furniture.

We mean by sensible furniture, furniture that is going to look well and wear well, without costing an absurd amount of money. It is our aim to keep sensible furniture, because we expect to deal with sensible people. Some people like to pay a fancy price for fancy articles - others think they save money by buying extremely cheap things which fall to pieces in a very short time; but the greater number of people prefer to give a reasonable price for reliable goods. Those are the people we wish to do business with.

Wash. B. Williams, 7th and D. Sts. N. W.

Stoll's shoes

Some People **Kick**

on principle-they never seem to feel happy unless they are kicking about something, but if any one can honestly find anything to kick about in our Suits or Overcoats, either with the prices, fit or material we wish they would let us know.

We want all our customers to feel that they are getting their money's worth.

DYRENFORTH'S, 621 Pa.

Luder Metropolitan

NOTED SCOUT RETIRED.

Albert W. James, Who Was Frequently Under Fire and Often a Spy. A noted war courier and scout has just been placed on the retired list of the Army. He was a first sergeant in the Pifth Infan-try and was stationed at Fort McPherson, tia.

His name was Albert W. James, and on the outbreak of the war he served with the Wisconsin troops as a volunteer. He was under fire off Newport News, Va., on board. was with Butler in his expedition on the Mississippi; was with the Farragut expedition to Vicksburg, and was engaged in other battles and sieges. During the last two years of the war he served as a scout and frequently as a spy. He was often in relief camps and posts in be disguise of a rebel uniform.

James emered the regular Army in 1873

dians. He was of sufficient importance to have an order essued relating to his cahave an order essued relating to his ca-reer and announcing to the Army his re-tirement. The order concludes: "In all his service he has displayed courage, in-telligence and fidelity." He gained medals of all the grades as a distinguished marksman. It is unusual for an enlisted man to be distinguished by a special order.

FREE LECTURE

Dr. R. C. Flower of Boston Will Deliver His New Lecture Entitled

"Health, Happiness and Beauty of Women"

At Willard's Hall, Washington, at 2 o'clock, Tuesday afternoon, Nov. 12, This lecture will be delivered under the auspices of the "Women's Health Associa-tion" of New England.

health and preserve your bealth if you have it; if you would know how to get the greatest amount of happiness out of both single and married life; if you would know how to preserve your beauty and youthful looks far into the evening of life, then go and hear Dr. Flower.

Dr. Flower's friends claim that as a lecturer he has no superior, if equal, upon the American platform, and for wit, sar-casm, pathos and beauty of speech he has

What the press says:

"Dr. R. C. Flower lectured yesterday afternoon in Assembly Hall to over 1,200 women, representing largely the wealth. culture and brains of the city. Never was an audience more enthusiastic in praise and applianse than this vast assembly of women. They laughed and cried at the sametime.—Philadelphia Times.

samestine.—Philadelphia Times.

"Dr. R. C. Flower's lecture to women, at Assembly Hall, yesterday afternoon, was attended by nearly 1,500 ladies. The doctor had the sympathy of his large audience from the opening to the close of his lecture. The enthusiasm of his andlence at times knew no bounds. No higher compliment could be paid the doctor than the remark of the President of the Chester Club: "A finer lecture was naver delivered. Club: 'A finer lecture was never delivered

Philadelphia Press "Dr. R. C. Flower sectored last night to nearly 3,000 people in Tremont Temple. His audience went wild over his eloquence, keen thrusts, pathetic appeals and quick sattles."- Boston Globe.

an audicince more highly entertained than at Tremont Temple last night. The lec-turer was Dr. R. C. Flower.—Boston Jour-nal."

'Dr. R. C. Flower's lecture to ladies in "Dr. R. C. Flower's lecture to ladies in Columbian Hall yesterday afternoon was the finest entertainment ever given the women of this city. Hundreds were unable to gain admittance, while those who did enjoyed for an hour and forty minutes between laughter, applause and tears, the rithest treat of the season.

"The Doctor's tribute to the married life and home, and his closing tribute to women, for eloquence, pathos and beauty of speech can never be outdone."—Lafayette [Ind.) Courier.

MAY CLOSE THE FACTORIES

Congress Must Act Very Quickly to Prevent It.

GOVERNMENT WORK DONE

nished at a Cost of \$13,000,000. Battleships Massachusetts, Iowa, Indiam and Oregon Used the Most of It-Many Men Will Be fale,

Unless Congress acts promptly a large number of skilled mechanics will be thrown out of work in a short time by the closing of the two naval armor factories of this country. Both will in a short time have completed their contracts with the government. It will be the first shutdown since they were established under President

Cleveland's first 3 dministration.
In all they will have furnished 20,000 tons of armor at a total cost of \$13,000,000. The greater part has been used in the battleshins -Massachusetts, Indiana, Ore gon, and Iowa. Most of the remainder has gone to the cruisers New York, and Brooklyn. The battleship Kearsarge and her unnamed sister will require several thousand tons more. Congress may within a few days after meeting direct that new ontracts be made so supply these ships and in that case the men now employed can afford to wait till the preliminaries are settled and work at the factories re-

sumed.
If this is not done mischief will result two ways. The men will be compelled to seek employment eisewhere, and when the contracts are made for the armor of the Kensurge and her sister snip the factories will be delayed in securing employes sufficiently skined to undertake the work. CAPACITY OF THE PLANTS.

The past year's output of armor does not represent the capacity of the plants, for important departments in both the Carnegie and Bethlenem Company's establishments have been practically shut down for considerable periods while awaiting plans of the cratic periods while awaring pairs of the department. In addition, the Bathlehem Company has an armor rolling null nearing completion, which will greatly increase the forging capacity of the establishment, and thus materially add to the government's source of armor supplies in the event of a essity to suddenly increase the Navy. As necessity to suddenly increase the Navy. As the ordinance people have decided to greatly reduce the thickness of the heaviest armor carried by the new battle ships, while exper-tence has indicated now its manufacture may be simplified, it is believed by Capt. Samp-son, thief of ordinance, that the entire amount required for the two new vessels, amounting to 8,000 tons, can be supplied in less than one year after receipt of pians. When this is compared to the time consumed in furnishing 20,000 tons, it will be readily in furnishing 20,000 tons, it will be readily seen how armorproducing has been facilitated in late years. Capt. Sampson made some pertinent suggestions regarding the advisability of commaining the armor industry of the country, and points out that, while the number and capacity of the works capable of building warships is now quite large, and can be easily extended to meet any demand, this is not the case with armor plants.

DANGER OF CLOSING DOWN. The great difficulty, he says, to be en-The great difficulty, he says, to be en-countered in permitting the plants to close down will be in securing skilled latter to begin again the work. Once the armor-makers are discusrged and scatter, new men must be trained in the industry at great loss of time to the Government and expense to the contractors. It is ap-parent, he stated, that while in case of a sudden and large increase in the demand a sudden and large increase in the demand for warships the hulf and engine builders would be able to respond, the simul-taneous demands for armor of the same character and position on the ships as the building of the hulls progressed would assuredly cause great delays. Capt. Samp-son, therefore, regards as most important, o long as the programme for the inso long as the programme for the metresse of the Navy remains uncompleted, that the authorization of additional armored ships be regular and continuous, and in this respect he believes that the offensive armor experimentation carried on here has clearly indicated the direction in which developments and improvements in re-sistance is to be expected, so that nothing in this respect will be gained by delaying the provision for ships, especially as it will require nearly one year to formulate and

place new contracts for armor. The proposition to contract with the hipbuilders for armor does not meet shipbuilders for armor does not meet with Capt. Sampson's approval. He feels that the Government has an interest in the two armor plants and that it is unde a pledge to support them in return for the expense they, were put to in creating the only establishment in the United States where armor can be manufactured. He believes, moreover, that the Department will have no difficulty in forcing the price without jeopordizing the maintenance of both establishments.

NO UNUSUAL DELAYS.

Serious delays in the completion of ships have been ascribed to the slow delivery of armor in the past. When it is understood that the effort has been to satisfy the almost simultaneous demands for armor of fifteen ships whose authorization by Congress covered a period of ten years, and that this has been practically acomplished in a little over four years, the enterprise and vigor of the armor copperns, in Capt. Samuel opinion, is worthy rather of praise than cen-sure. In this connection, Capt. Sampson says: "The material employed is one with which no previous experience had been elsewhere obtained, and, despite the fact that the dimensions and weight of the heaviest plates exceeded considerably those pronounced insurmountable by many of the ost -prominent engineers in this and other countries, has been successfully developed and applied. It may now be stated with con-viction that the time of the deliveries of armor for any probable number of ships authorized at one time in the future will rest in the hands of the contractors of the hulls and be dependent solely upon the prompt-ness with which they supply the necessary details for the fitting and securing of the individual plates.

HELP FUND GROWING.

Labor Men Give Freely to the Locked-Out Drivers.

Times reporters have demon strated beyond a doubt that there is actual suffering among the familie of the locked-out employes of the An-

Charity in such cases as these is not charity, but is an actual humanita

The Times asks for aid for these contributions sent to The Times will be accounted for in the columns of the paper and turned over to the Street Railway Union, which is al-ready doing its best to Relieve the

ceds of its members. The Times starts the subscription as follows: C. G. Conn.

Laundry Workers, K. of L. 5.00 D. A. 66, K. of L. 2,500 00 E. V. Lawrence. 100 Painters' L. A., 1748, K. of L. 10 00 Eccentric Engineers. 500



We have just got in 100 Splendid Beaver Jackets-ripple back -box front-the latest style in sleeves. You might look a long time before you find such a fascinating Jacket. The regular price is \$6, but to-day they are

\$3.98.

CLARK'S,

734-736 Seventh St. N. W.

TURKISH MINISTRY

It Is Cordially Hated by Everybody Except Sultan's Close Followers.

Asserted They Are Mere Puppers of the Sultan and That Minister of the Interior Is a Scoundret,

Constantinopie, Nov. 11.-The recent change in the ministry here has not been conducive of any better feeling in politi-

cal and diplomatic circles. In fact, the new ministers, generally speaking, are looked upon askance, as their reputations give no promise of any better government than that hitherto ruling. In fact, the members of the new cabine are pothing more than puppets of the Sultan and whatever be wills will be without questioning law to them.

Halil Rarat Pasha, the new grand vizier, was formerly minister of the interior, and it is openly charged that while occupying that position be fostered the massacre of

Abdurrahaman Pasha, minister of jus-tice, once held the Grand Vizierate, but was dismissed on a day's notice for ly-

Menduh Pasha, minister of the interior is reported to be a downright scoundrel.

There is the strongest feeling here against
the Sulfan, due, among things, to his
choice of ministers. It was thought that possibly an attempt might be made on the life of his majesty as he went from the

life of his majesty as he went from the palace to the mosque in the cereme ny known as the sclamlik.

The usual large number of guards who keep the route when the Sultan goes to the mosque to offer his prayers was greatly strengthened, and a close watch was kept on every side for suspicious characters by the police and generarmes.

There is no doubt that the empire is passing through one of the most critical peri-

ing through one of the most critical periods that has threatened it for years. The heir to the throne has no better policy than the Sullan, so no advantage would be gained by deposing the latter in favor of the former.

the former.

The young Turkey party aim at the removal of both and the substitution in the place of Reshad Effecti, the heir to the throne, of a healthy-minded agriculturist, who diskies intrigue.

Advices from the interior show that great

destitution is prevailing, and that the suf-fering from this cause surpasses that aris-ing from the massieres.

A very large number of pergons are home-less and without food, and there is no doubt that the suffering will increase during the

winter. In several districts a famine is anticipated. LAST BUSINESS SESSION.

District Sunday-school Union Holds Its Ante-Convention Meeting.
Pursuant to adjournment last Tuesday venue, as reported by The Times, the executive committee of the District Sunday school Union held its final session Saturd H street northwest.

Those present, in addition to Mr. John-

son, were, Pierson H. Bristow, superintend-ent of Calvary Baptist Sunday school, and president of the union, in the chair, James L. Ewin, secretary, the superintendent of the Sunday-school of Foundry M. E. Church: Sunday school of Foundry M. E. Church; Lucius D. Alden, superintendent of St. Paul's English Lutheran Sunday school; Dr. D. Percy Hickling, superintendent of the morn-ing school of Trimty Protestant Episcopal Church; Mr. A. M. McBath, superintendent of the school of Assembly's Presbyterian Church; Henry M. Shook, superintendent of the school of Grace Chapel, Reformed Church in the United States, and John B. Sleman, superintendent of the Sunday school of the Washington City Orphan's Asylum.

The number of schools baving membership in the ution was increased to sixty by the admission of West Washington Latheran admission of West Washington Lutheran Sunday-school, Rev. Stanley Billheimer, superintendent, and Mr. Johnson reported the discovery of additional schools entitled to representation in the convention, increasing the number of such schools to 148, against 133 a year ago. The secretary asked to be excused from re-

election to his present office, owing to the pressure of his other duties, and it was voted that the nominating committee of the convention be requested to nominate Mr. Ewin as a member of the new executive

committee, without office.
It was voted, on motion of Mr. Alden, It was voted, on motion of Mr. Alden, that the committee on resolutions, when appointed, be requested to bring before the convention a resolution appointing a committee of seven to consider the practicability of inviting the Triennial International Convention, which meets in Boston in 1896, to hold its 1899 session in Washington, D. C.

The chair appointed Mr. Johnson and Mr. The chair appointed Mr. Johnson and Mr. Sleman an auditing committee to examine the accounts of Dr. Hickling, the treasurer of the union. The secretary and treasurer were appointed a special committee to arrange for reporting the proceedings of the convention, with reference to the publication of a detailed report. Mr. Shook offered the opening prayer, and Mr. McBath the closing.

The convention meets this evening at 7:30

The convention meets this evening at 7:30 oblockin First Congregational Church, Tenth and G northwest, and continue at Calvary Baptist Sunday school house tomorrow

Erie's Sale Confirmed.

New York, Nov. 11—Judge Lacombe, in
the United Statescircuit court, today handed down a decision confirming the sale of the New York, Lake Erie and Western Railroad. The road was sold a few days ago for \$20,000,000 to the reorganization committee.

DEAFNESS Irrawaddy Yet Stuck.

Sandy Hook, N. J., Nov. 11.—The life saving station at Long Branch reports that the wrecking tag which was at work trying to pull the steamer Irrawaddy off the beach at Asbary Park yesterday did not succeed in floating her. She is still lying in the same position as when she struck on Babirday afternoon.

Great sale of dry goodstoday at Dry Goods Trading Company, 1936 Sevenih street.

GREAT -\$5,000.-

Five thousand dollars' worth of Shoes which must be closed out at and below cost. We mean exactly what we say, as we do not want to carry a single pair with us if we can help it. Those who are not wise enough to take this opportunity will miss a chance to buy Shoes at a great sacrifice. They are going to sell at the following prices.

Men's 53, 42.50 and 54 Patent Leather Shoes: Some of the best makes reduced to \$2.50 Men's 63 and 81 50 Calf Shoes \$2.50 Men's \$3 and \$1.50 Tau Shors. \$2.00 Men's \$2 and \$2.50 Cait Shoes. \$1.50 Nen's \$1,30 Satin Calf Shoes \$1.00 Ladies' 83 and \$110 Viel Kid \$2.00 Button Shoes Reduced to \$2.00 Ladies' #2 and #2 50 Dongola KidButtonShoes.amail sizes 1 to 4, A to E. Reduced to. \$1.50 ladies' \$1.55 and \$1.50 Dongo-la Kid Button or Lace, ele-gant styles. Reduced to... \$1.25 Boys \$1.25 and \$1.50 School \$1.00

BROWN'S SHOE STORE,

Ladies' 56c Rubbers, best quality. Reduced to

305 Pa. Ave.,

FOR THIS ARE WE DOCTORS

Insulting Passages Between Medical Officers at Jefferson Barracks.

Gossip About the Trouble Brings Out the Fact That a Number of Officers Are Abusing Each Other,

St. Louis, Nov. 11.—The military com-munity at Jefferson Buracks was thrown into excitement Saturday by disclosures of countercharges involving Maj. Robert H. White and Capt. C. B. Ewing.

Maj. White is the ranking surgeon at the special medical duty. The strained rela-tions that have long existed between the two doctors culminated in a rupture two

weeks ago.

Capt. Ewing made a written request for permission to be absent from the post several eveningseach week, giving as a reason a desire to attend a source of lectures in Maj. White indorsed the application as

account anyhow. He is of no assistance to me. He is of no account as a doctor. to me. He is of no account as a doctor.

The officers and their families will have
none of his services. I know of nobody
more in need of a course of lectures than
Ewing."

The commandant in granting the leave asked, returned Maj. White's equivocal in-dorsement to Capt. Ewing, who lost no time in sending the following note to the major: doctor yourself. You need lectures booly. enger for my services. I am a good doctor and an honest man. You have been misusing Government property for three years." The officers and their families are always

Countercharges were at once filed by each officer with Gen. Merritt at Chicago, and a court-martial will soon be held. A startling addends to the counter-charges filed by Maj. White and Capt.

Ewing was yesterday exploded.
It is stated upon indisputable authority
that Lleut, Col. W. H. Whiteside, commanding the Fifth Cavalry, and formerly sta-tioned at the barracks, has formally preferred charges against Gen. Henry, present commandant. When Col. Whiteside was relieved of command of the post an in-terview with Gen. Heary appeared in a local newspaper, and upon this the colonel

bases his charges.

There is still more difference between wearers of epaulets that is serving to direct attention to this pretty kettle of fish.

Capt. Jones, of the Third Cavairy, and Capt. George H. Hunter, of the same ment, are at the stage of coolness that calls for the mediation of friends or the

that one of the specifications made by Capt. Ewing in his charges against Maj. White was that the latter had falsified reports and requisitions for horse feed and subsistence. St. Louisans have just learned that they have a military volcano in their

ASIATIC STATION CHANGES.

Rear Admiral Carpenter Relieved From Command,

Orders have been issued by Secretary Merbert relieving Rear Admiral Carpenter from command of the Asiatic station This action was taken at Admiral Carpenter's request, as his wife is ill and be wanted to be with her. His place will be filled by Commodore

F. V. McNair, at present president of the naval examining and retiring board, who will leave this city for his station on the

Secretary Herbert said last night that Secretary Herbert's aid last night that Rear Admiral Carpeatez would have been detached under ordinary circumstances just before his retirement, which will take place in February next. In the meantime, after he reaches this yountry, he will be placed on waiting orders.

During the period he has been in command of the Asiatic station, about one year, Admiral Carpenter has done a good deal toward protecting the lives of American eltizens and missionaries where safety has been jeopardized by the serious recent

been jeopardized by the serious recent troubles in China.

troubles in China.

The cruiser Olympia, which has arrived at Yokohama, will be the new flagship of the Asiatic station, relieving the Baltimore from that duty. The latter vessel will return to San Francisco, she having been absent from this country for more than two years.

After an extensive overhander it.

two years.

After an extensive overhauling, it is said, the Baltimore may be assigned as the flagship of the Pacific station, in place of the Philadelphia. Besides the Olympia, the Asiatic fleet consists of the Charleston, Machias, Concord. Yorktown, Petrel, Detroit, and Monocacy. The Monocacy-is the only old vessel in the list, but she is of light draught and is very serviceable in shallow waters. The Olympia will be the best type of the up-to-date cruisers in that part of the world and will no doubt attract nuch attention.

No Fears That America Will Be Involved in the Coming Crisis.

THE ATTITUDE OF RUSSIA

She Is Not a Commercial Power, and Therefore There Is Little Prospec of Rivalry-Japan's Case Is Different, But Nothing Indicates That She Is Seeking Alliances.

A recent dispatch from Paris states that an ambassador of one of the great powers has expressed the belief that a grave crisis in the far East is imminent, and that it can only be averted by an alliance between the United States, Great Britain, and Japan. The ambassador is quoted as saying that "It is impossible for the United States to remain neutral, as they cannot abandon their China trade to Russia without a strug It is, of course, difficult to obtain an ex-

pression of opinion concerning this state-ment in any official quarter, but it is easy have the best means of accurately judgits; the real trend of affairs in the East.

They say that kussas, strictly speaking, is not a commercial power, and that consequently there is little, if any, probability of commercial rivalry between her and the United States.

MAKES LITTLE DIFFERENCE. Petroleum is their only common export of any importance to China and Japan, and the preponderance of Russian minence can make little or no difference in the trace in that article. Japan's case is of course different, out there is nothing in the present situation to indicate that Japan is seeking an adiance with either Russia or Great

Britain.

In certain contingencies Russia and Japancse interests might possibly clash in Korea,
but the recent declaration of the Japanese
government regarding its policy in that
country must have disarmed any possible
jealousy on the part of Russia.

The announcement that most of the
Japanese troops in Korea will be withdrawn
when Port Arthur is evacuated is accepted
here as a guarantee of Japanese faith
here as a guarantee of Japanese faith

here as a guarantee of Japan's good faith. The retention of a small number of soldiers to protect Japanese lives and property can-not be regarded as nullifying this declaration, more especially us it has been to-maily declared that these also will be withdrawn when the Korean government is able to afford adequate protection to foreigners.

PRECEDENT FOR ACTION. Taking into account the unquestionable preponderable of Japanese interests in Korca, which render such a course both natural and proper, it does not seem probable that Russia or any other country will object to it, or perceive init, ashas been suggested, a parallel to the attitude of Great Britain in Egypt.

A precedent for the action of Japan might be found, if it were needed, in the fac-

be found, if it were needed, in the fact that both Great Britain and France sta-tioned troops at Yokohama for the protec-tion of the lives and property of their people during the serious civil commontons which preceded the restoration, and retained them there for several years. But this is a minor point.

The significant fact is that the Japanese government has sternly represed certain of its over-zealous officials and subjects

in Korea and has frankly declared that its policy toward that country is strictly one of non-interference. This is the most notable development of the Eastern site uation which has recently occurred. The news of Japan's action wardoubtless

as welcome at St. Petersburg as at London; and so far at least may be regarded as a deterrent to anything like an alliance be-tween Great Britain and Japan against Rus-On the other hand it may be taken for granted that Russia is too sagacious to wantonly provoke such an alliance or need-lessly forfeit the friendship of either the United States or Japan.

MEDICAL MEN TO MEET.

Association Convenes Tomorrow.
One of the most distinguished gatherings that have ever assembled in this city will The association will hold a three-days' meeting, and during the session many im-portant papers on medical and surgical opies will be read.

Among the prominent members of the asso-ciation are H. C. Busey of this city, W. E. Parker of New Orleans, Bedford Brown of Alexandria, Va. A. Vanderveer of Albany, Y. H. Horace Grant of Louisville, Ky. V. O. Roberts of Louisville, W. L. Robin W. O. Roberts of Louisville, W. L. Robinson of Danville, Va., J. McFadden Gaston of Atlanta, Ga., George H. Noble of Atlanta, E. S. Lewis of New Orleans, Joseph Price of Philadelphia, Howard A. Kelly of Baltimore, Joseph Taber Johnson of Washington, George H. Rohe of Cantonsville, Md., A. M. Cartledge of Louisville, J. D. S. Davis of Birmingham, J. T. Wilson of Sherman, Tex., George Ben Johnson of Richmond, Christian Fenger of Chicago, Editor, Chicago, Chicago, Editor, Chicago Richmond, W. F. Westmoreland of Richmond, Christian Fenger of Chicago, Edmond Souchon of New Orleans, John A. Wyeth of New York, L. H. McMurtry of Louisville, J. W. Long of Richmond, Cornelius Kollock of Cheraw, S. C., John T. Henry of Chester, S. C., James T. Jelks of Hot Springs, Ark., J. B. Murfee of Murfeesboro, Tenn., A. H. Buckmaster of University of Virginia, George A. Baxter of Chattanooga, W. B. Rogers of Mcuphis, W. E. B. Davis of Birmingham, Henry O. Marcy of Boston, and James A. Goggans of Alexander Cliv, Ala.

of Alexander City, Ala. The officers of the association for 1895 are: President, Louis McLane Tiffany of Baltimore, Md.; vice presidents, Ernest S. Lewis of New Orleans, Manning Simons of Charleston, S. C.; secretary, William Elias B. Davis of Birmingham, Ala.; treas Elias B. Davis of Birmingham, Ala.; treas-urer, Richard Douglas of Nashville; council, George J. Engleman of St. Louis, Hunter McGuire of Richmond, William David Hag-gard of Nashville, Bedford Brown of Alex-andria, Lewis S. McMurty of Louisville; chairman of committee of arrangements, Joseph Taber Johnson of Washington, D. C.

All the members of the medical profession are cordially invited to attend the meetings NEW GEORGIA COLONY.

Indiana Politician's Scheme Will Lead to an Exodus From That State. La Porte, Ind.; Nov. 11.—D. C. McCullom, of this city, well known in G. A. R. and political circles throughout the State, has become a member of a syndicate which has purchased 100,000 acres of land in Georgia on which will be settled an Indiana colony. The projectors of the colony have already The projectors of the colony have already laid out the embryo city of Fitzgerald, which it is proposed to rapidly build up. It is estimated that the emigration from this State will reach 40,000 before pext

Five Bargains:

M. B. LATIMER & CO., Auctioneers, 1229 and 1231 G Street,

GEMS IN Oriental Rugs and Carpets

S. B. Donchian, of Hartford, Conn. A RARE COLLECTION

Art Galleries, 1229 and 1231 G St.

To be sold without reserve Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, and Saturday, November 13, 14, 15, and 16, 1895, at

and Tuesday, November 11 and 12. Lovers of Oriental Rugs will find this a rare opportunity to secure at auction some of the FINEST RUGS ever shown in this city. They have been carefully selected for their PERFECTION, QUALITY and COLORING and they will be found CLEAN and STRAIGHT and in those soft, rich shades that are so eagerly sought after. Co'moisseurs and art collec-

tors are especially invited to visit the gallery, as it is an opportunity never

II a. m. and 3 p. m. each day. On exhibition Monday

before offered. Descriptive catalogue mal'ed to any address



Bedroom Suite, 18.75.

Solid Oak-polish finish-French plate bevel mirror. We consider this the greatest bargain we have ever handled in bedroom suites. It is excellently made, splendidly put together and finished, and is equal to any \$30.00 suite.

The Julius Lansburgh Furniture & Carpet Co.

WE CAN

4 pounds Lard...... 25c Buckweat Flour, per lb 10 calo « Soap..... 30-lb Backet Jelly Turkey, per pound..... York State Apples, per bbl.....\$1.75 Sugar Cifred Hams, per pound.. 12c Oyster Crackers, per pound. . . . 4c Ginger Snaps, per pound...... Tomato Catsup, per gallon 25c Vanilla Drip..... 40c Porto Rica..... 25c 8 pounds Rolled Oats...... 25c Salted Mackerel, each 1c HillsideWhisky, 6 yrs old, pr gl., \$3.50 Old Family Whisky, per gal.... 2:50 Good Rye, per gal...... 1.50 Very Choice Gin, per gal. 1.50 Catawba Wine, per gal. 75c Old Dock Port, per gal..... 1.00 Very Old Sherry, per gal. 1.20

T. H. PICKFORD.

Pine Family Groceries, Wines, Liquors and Cigars, 924 Louisiana Ave.

RED HAT OF SATOLLI,

It Has a Brim Which Measures Six Feet Across.

Among Cathelics just now there is a great deal of talk concerning the hat of the new Cardinal Satolli.

The material of the hat is cardinal beaver. It is round in shape and in striking contrast to the immense flat brim, which measures six feet across, is a small, conical shaped crown, quite too small, apparently, to fit anybody's head. But that is another queer feature of the red hat. It is not intended to fit anybody's head. The sole use to which it is put other than symbolizing the distinction of its recipient at the time it is bestowed is to be lung in the cardinal's church after his

hung in the cardinal's church after his A cardinal wears three colors-cardinal violet, and old rose—and he must have a complete outfit in each of these colors. The different colors are prescribed for different interest coions are presented year. The red is worn throughout the year except during the pentiential season of Lent and Advent, when the violet is worn, except the third Sunday of Advent and the fourth Sunday of Lent, when the old rose is substituted.

Examiner to Take Testimony Examiner to Take Testimony.

Testimony will be taken before an examiner in a few days in the suit instituted by the Right Worthy Grand Encampment, Ancient Order Knights of Jerusalem, against the Ninorod Encampennit, A. O. K. of L., to restrain the latter organization from calling themselves Knights of Jerusaelm. Both are prominent colored societies in the District. Attorneys Jones, Laugston, Cook and Sutherland represent the Right Worthy Grand Encampment, and Messrs. Ridout and Williamson are looking out for the interests of the other side.

Inquiry Into Their Sanity.
Petitions for inquiring into the sanity of
Wesley Harless and John R. Walsh, alleged
matter, were filed today.

Absolutely Painless Dentistry. NEXPENSIVE, yet most efficient are



NAMPRANIVE, yet unost efficient are our pain less methods of dentistry There isn't an operation that we cannot encessfully perform in an absolutely painless manner. Paintess extraction 30 cents. Other charges proportional Evans Dental Pariors

1217 Penn. Ave. N. W. COLD IN THE HEAD. Catarri,

Stoll's shoes

GOLD

Fillings, \$1.00; Silver, 50c.; Cement, 35c.; Extracting, 25c. Teeth without plates, \$5.00. Painless, skilful

HARVARD DENTAL CO., PAR.

ANTON LER"H, 805 little St. N. W. Formerly 1205 N. Y. Ave.